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TOP NEWS

MATSUI: PROPOSAL ‘RIDICULOUS’

Thune, Guthrie Open to BEAD Funding Rollback in Next Congress

Two top Republican lawmakers who will have leading roles during the next Congress told us this month they’re open to clawing back the \$42.5 billion allocated to the BEAD program amid their party’s vocal opposition to NTIA’s implementation of it during the Biden administration. Some stakeholders told us funding rescission would be difficult to execute. They insist congressional

Republicans and President-elect Donald Trump's incoming administration will see a revamp of BEAD's rules and practices as much more feasible (see [2410210043](#)).

Outgoing Senate Communications Subcommittee ranking member John Thune, R-S.D., who will become the chamber's majority leader Jan. 3, told us, "I don't know why you wouldn't pull" BEAD's funding. He echoed other Republicans' claims that NTIA hasn't "hooked up a single household" more than three years after Congress enacted the BEAD money as part of the 2021 Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (see [2111080067](#)). Only one "telephone provider in my state" has "figured out how they can qualify and meet all the conditions [NTIA is] insisting on," Thune said.

Incoming House Commerce Committee Chairman Brett Guthrie, R-Ky., told us he sees a funding rescission as possible. "I'm for pulling back the money" if that's what Republicans support, he said. Congress can roll back the BEAD funding because NTIA hasn't "really spent" the money yet, even though it's expected to have fully obligated it by year's end (see [2412030050](#)). "But if we're going to keep the money, we need to use it" more effectively, Guthrie said.

Both GOP leaders' embrace of a potential rollback is notable because Sen. Joni Ernst, R-Iowa, earlier urged leaders of Trump's Department of Government Efficiency advisory group to recommend that lawmakers "pull the plug" on BEAD funding as part of the group's bid to slash \$2 trillion from the federal budget (see [2412030050](#)). Ernst told us she's proposing "we try to claw back" the BEAD money because she considers it a part of Congress' broader COVID-19 pandemic aid.

Senate Commerce Committee ranking member Ted Cruz, R-Texas, who will become panel chairman in January, told us, "I've been very clear that I think there need to be serious reforms" to BEAD. He pressed NTIA in November to pause "unlawful, extraneous BEAD activities" before Trump returns to office and warned of a wholesale review of the initiative (see [2411220035](#)). Cruz previously urged states to return unused BEAD money if they have adequate funding from other federal broadband programs (see [2309150069](#)).

Sen. Shelley Moore Capito, R-W.Va., a lead IJA negotiator, remains adamantly opposed to a clawback. "West Virginia's on the cusp of actually getting" its \$1.2 billion BEAD allocation, so "I'm not in favor" of taking that money away now, she told us. Capito is concerned more Republicans will begin to back a rollback, "but we're a long way" from that being the caucus' majority preference.

'Uncharted Territory'

Senate Communications Chairman Ben Ray Lujan of New Mexico and other Democrats are concerned about calls for a BEAD rollback but predicted Republicans will face political problems if they actually try to remove the funding. "If my colleagues want to roll back infrastructure money," particularly funding earmarked for rural areas, "they can go explain" that decision to their constituents and face the repercussions, Lujan told us. "It would be a big mistake," especially if the U.S. wants "to catch up" with other countries in reaching universal connectivity.

Sen. Jeanne Shaheen, D-N.H., who co-led work on IJA's broadband section, told us she "would be surprised" if Republicans followed through on threats to defund BEAD. Large parts of New Hampshire "don't have access" to broadband "and I would guess that's true in lots of other places around the country," she said: "I would think [Republicans] would have a real vested interest in seeing that money get spent, and the fiber get deployed." House Communications Subcommittee ranking member Doris Matsui, D-Calif., said "it would be ridiculous" if Republicans try removing BEAD funding because most of it "is for rural areas" that party members represent.

Citizens Against Government Waste President Tom Schatz said any "effort to take back money that has been sent out of Congress ... is very difficult to do," particularly "given the minimal majority" Republicans will have in the House next Congress and the 60-vote threshold to clear legislation in the Senate. It could be "even more complicated" to roll back BEAD because its mission is "an objective with

which everyone agrees,” he said: “It might be less difficult” to approve changes to BEAD requirements Republicans consider onerous.

Public Knowledge Broadband Policy Director Alisa Valentin said the BEAD rollback threats are concerning and “unhelpful” given the work states have already done to plan for their funding allocations. “The real waste, fraud and abuse” involving the program “would be if Congress ends up clawing back those funds,” she said: It’s unclear how such an action would be feasible, but it would likely “be very messy. We’re in uncharted territory.” – **Jimm Phillips**

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RESPONSES DUE JAN. 17

FCC Goes Deep on T-Mobile/UScellular Deal as Both Carriers Receive Letters

The FCC Wireless Bureau and Office of Economics and Analytics sent letters to T-Mobile and UScellular on Friday asking a battery of questions about their proposed transaction. Responses are due not later than Jan. 17. The T-Mobile letter explores in depth the carrier’s arguments made in a September public interest statement (see [2409160029](#)) and an accompanying declaration from Ankur Kapoor, T-Mobile’s chief network officer.

The companies announced an agreement in May where T-Mobile would buy “substantially all” of UScellular’s wireless operations, including some of its spectrum, in a deal valued at \$4.4 billion (see [2405280047](#)). The Rural Wireless Association, EchoStar and Communications Workers of America have urged that the FCC reject the transaction (see [2412100044](#)).

The [letter](#) to T-Mobile cites [Kapoor’s statements](#) about how the acquired spectrum would help round out the carrier’s spectrum footprint. It quotes Kapoor as saying T-Mobile’s “lack of spectrum depth inhibits [its] deployment in the footprint and results in slower speeds, less capacity, and higher operating costs relative to the rest of the country.” It notes Kapoor “asserts that the Proposed Transaction would bring [T-Mobile’s] spectrum holdings and coverage closer to our national averages and result in substantially improved service for both T-Mobile and UScellular customers as compared to the service offered today by either standalone network in the Footprint.”

Among 29 areas of inquiry, the letter asks that T-Mobile “describe in detail and provide plans, analyses, and reports relied on in preparing, or that otherwise provide basis and support for, these statements or that discuss, in the Relevant Area, speed or quality of service, including the amount of spectrum and capacity that are required to meet consumer demand, including projected demand.”

The letter to UScellular is nearly as long T-Mobile’s, with 23 sets of questions. Among the areas it asks about are UScellular’s fixed-wireless deployments, compatibility of its handsets with the T-Mobile network and the proposed deal’s effect on the Lifeline program.

The letter includes questions about a [declaration](#) by UScellular CEO Laurent Therivel. For example, it asks, “Describe in detail the ‘spectrum and network cost challenges’ referred to in Mr. Therivel’s declaration and provide all plans, analyses, and reports related to these challenges and UScellular’s network investments.” In addition, it asks that the company provide its “average costs associated with upgrading” a 4G site to a 5G site and with deploying a new 5G site.

The FCC letter asks about UScellular’s claims that it faces “structural disadvantages” as a smaller carrier and its purported “need to respond to evolving industry dynamics.” It [probes](#) claims that UScellular has lost 500,000 customers since 2020 and the effect on network investments and cellsite construction.

Therivel said in his declaration that the company had hired a consulting firm, which found “no operational improvements or restructuring of UScellular’s wireless operations would suffice to

reestablish the company as a sustainable competitor.” The FCC asks for details about this report. “Provide all documents discussing the review and conclusions of the consulting firm referenced here.”

T-Mobile CEO Mike Sievert said at a UBS financial conference this month he remains confident regulators will approve the deal. “I can promise you better networks and lower prices right from the get-go, and the company, of course, will benefit from the synergies, and it’s highly accretive,” he said: “This is going to be a win all the way around, and I’m confident the government will see it that way as well.” T-Mobile [announced](#) Friday it will release Q4 results Jan. 29. – **Howard Buskirk**

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'TOO SLICK'

Carr’s Iger Letter Is an About Face, Say Academics, Former FCC’er’s

FCC Commissioner Brendan Carr’s recent [warning letter](#) to Disney CEO Bob Iger (see [2412240021](#)) appears politically motivated, could be read as a reversal of Carr’s past stances on sticking to the text of FCC rules and evokes the long-defunct fairness doctrine, according to former FCC commissioners, academics and attorneys we interviewed. President-elect Donald Trump has selected Carr to head the FCC.

“Brendan Carr may be well-intentioned, but he does not represent all conservative thought on unfair press content, whether ink and paper or air and electrons,” said Mark Fowler, FCC chair under President Ronald Reagan. Reagan vetoed congressional efforts to revive the content-regulating fairness doctrine, Fowler pointed out. Said Stuart Benjamin, co-director of Duke Law School’s Center for Innovation Policy, “The language of Carr’s letter gives the impression that concerns about the substance of ABC’s coverage motivated his warning of close scrutiny of ABC’s negotiations with its affiliates.”



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In the Iger letter, Carr said the public no longer trusts national news networks, noted ABC's recent defamation settlement with Trump (see [2412160043](#)) and said assessing stations high affiliation fees to fund network-owned streaming services isn't in line with congressional intent in the 1992 Cable Act. "It is therefore antithetical to the will of Congress that the retransmission consent process be used to impose burdensome financial demands on local broadcast TV stations for the benefit of a network's direct-to-consumer subscription streaming service."

That sentiment appears to be a reversal of the traditional Republican stance on agency rules and Carr's own, said Benjamin. "Many FCC commissioners, but particularly Republican FCC commissioners, including Brendan Carr, have inveighed against broad readings of FCC authority and reliance on the purpose of FCC statutes," said Benjamin. Carr, ABC and the FCC didn't respond to requests for comment.

"There's a simple hypocrisy test here," said Free Press co-CEO Jessica Gonzalez. "Imagine [FCC Chairwoman] Jessica Rosenworcel or [former FCC Chair] Tom Wheeler or [former FCC Acting Chair] Mignon Clyburn [all are Democrats] doing this ... and try to imagine the invective that [Republicans] Carr and [former FCC Chair Ajit Pai] would spew about interfering in journalistic decisions and private contracts." Carr, in a 2021 [release](#) responding to Democratic lawmakers questioning media outlets on their coverage of the Jan. 6 attack on the U.S. Capitol, said, "[A] newsroom's decision about what stories to cover and how to frame them should be beyond the reach of any government official, not targeted by them."

The FCC regulates retransmission consent, and it isn't unusual for the agency to take an interest in those negotiations, several broadcast attorneys told us. The current FCC has held proceedings on blackout reporting and requiring MVPD consumers to be compensated for retrans negotiation-related pauses in MVPD service. "If and when those negotiations break down—or blackouts ensue—in the past, the FCC has signaled that it could get involved in the public interest," said Adonis Hoffman, a former aide to Clyburn when she was serving as a commissioner. All four major network affiliate station groups asked the FCC to rebalance the relationship between networks and affiliates in ex parte filings in 2022 (see [2203170056](#)).

"I applaud your interest to review the effect of outdated #RetransmissionConsent rules and how #broadcasters have abused them," wrote former ACA Connects CEO Matthew Polka in a [post](#) aimed at Carr on X. "Remember that local broadcast affiliates extract outrageous retrans fees from cable ops and consumers."

Carr's letter "sounds more like intimidation and a reaction against one individual company's action than a real effort to improve retrans," said former Democratic FCC Commissioner Michael Copps. "Whatever lawful interests the FCC may have in ABC's negotiations with affiliates are somewhat beyond the point of this letter," said Ari Cohn, Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression lead counsel-tech policy. "Carr's letter serves, once again, primarily as a vehicle for his complaints about media content he doesn't like and his threats to use whatever tools he can find lying around at the FCC to go after those responsible for it."

Carr is "too slick to come out and directly say, 'You reported critically on Trump; therefore I'm going to revoke your license,'" said Gonzalez. "Instead, he'll meddle in the business and regulatory dealings of broadcast owners who report critically on Donald Trump, breaching all protocol and precedents to hassle them and play partisan politics." Communications attorneys told us that FCC chairs criticizing broadcaster content isn't unheard of, with one pointing to 1960s Chairman Newton Minnow's famed "vast wasteland" speech castigating them for what he saw as overall poor quality programming. Said Hoffman, "Chairman Carr's message to networks is to work out the agreements in such a way that does not harm the locals." He added, "That message does not border on threatening to chill speech."

A Carr-led FCC is likely to have trouble enforcing broad interpretations of FCC rules against broadcast networks because of U.S. Supreme Court decisions against administrative agencies, such as *Loper*

Bright v. Raimondo and *SEC v. Jarkesy*, several attorneys pointed out. The FCC “can no longer point to a merely permissible construction of a statute to prevail in court,” Carr said in his [dissent](#) from the FCC’s Wi-Fi school bus order in July. Said Andrew Schwartzman, senior counselor at the Benton Institute for Broadband & Society, “The good news, such as it is, is that longstanding First Amendment doctrines and recent Supreme Court decisions make it almost impossible for Chairman-designate Carr to effectuate his threats.”

Carr is warning networks that they can’t prop up their nonprofitable streaming services at the expense of local news, said Clay Calvert, a nonresident senior fellow at the American Enterprise Institute. He said the letter merely warns of “heavy-touch” regulation, rather than the “light-touch” often espoused by conservatives, and it isn’t overreach because Carr invokes the public interest and localism. The letter serves as an “early warning shot” for the networks, he said. “Why else” would the letter mention ABC’s recent defamation settlement with Trump? Calvert asked. “There’s no other reason to add that.”

– Monty Tayloe

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COMM DAILY NOTEBOOK®

Robocall and Caller ID Complaints Continue Dropping, FCC Tells Congress

Informal consumer complaints to the FCC regarding telemarketing, robocall and caller ID spoofing continue falling, according to an annual agency [report](#) to Congress released Friday. The report from the agency’s Enforcement, Wireline, and Consumer and Government Affairs bureaus is required under the Telephone Robocall Abuse Criminal Enforcement and Deterrence (Traced) Act. In 2023, the agency received 31,042 complaints about the receipt of unsolicited marketing calls or faxes using an artificial or prerecorded voice or an automated dialer. That compares with more than 39,000 in 2022 and more than 46,000 in 2021. It said it received 57,917 complaints last year about sales calls to residential or wireless telephone numbers in the National Do Not Call Registry, down from nearly 71,000 in 2022 and nearly 98,000 the year before that. It said it received 14,715 complaints involving fax or artificial or prerecorded voice systems, down from 19,000 in 2022 and nearly 29,000 the year prior. The agency received 31,594 misleading or inaccurate caller ID complaints in 2023, compared with nearly 40,000 in 2022 and more than 57,000 in 2021. The FCC’s 2023 Traced Act report to Congress reported informal consumer complaints tallied through Nov. 30 of last year. When asked Friday about the change in reporting, with this year’s report providing 12 months of 2023 but no 2024 numbers, the FCC didn’t comment. The agency said that neither it nor DOJ collected forfeiture penalties or criminal fines for Telephone Consumer Protection Act violations in 2023.

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FCC Recharter Disability Advisory Committee

The FCC is rechartering its Disability Advisory Committee for a two-year term, said a [notice](#) in Friday’s *Federal Register*. More details, including the first meeting date and agenda topics, will be announced later. The last iteration of the DAC held its final meeting in October (see [2410180032](#)).

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Correction

The Wireless Infrastructure Association was among the four industry groups that filed an amicus brief at the U.S. Supreme Court in *McLaughlin Chiropractic Associates v. McKesson* (see [2412260037](#)).

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WIRELESS

PocketiNet Seeks More Time to Meet Rip-and-Replace Requirements

PocketiNet Communications, a small provider in Washington, asked for six months beyond its current Jan. 20 deadline to remove, replace and dispose of unsecure Chinese equipment from its network. “Recent efforts to complete the final removal and replacement of the switches and routers have been impacted by unexpected logistical and operational challenges,” said a filing posted Friday in docket 18-89. One of the company’s distributors “did not provide ‘like-for-like’ replacement equipment for some of our switches, which caused missing expansion cards and delays in site replacements,” [PocketiNet said](#): “The additional six months will allow us to complete the router and switch replacement and finalize the disposal of all covered equipment while maintaining network reliability for our customers.”

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STATE TELECOM

CPUC to Consider \$26.2M in Additional Last-Mile Deployment Funding

The California Public Utilities Commission may approve about \$26.2 million in additional federal funding for last-mile broadband infrastructure deployment (see [2107200056](#)). A [draft resolution](#) scheduled for the commission’s consideration during its Jan. 30 meeting would grant WiConduit and GigabitNow a combined \$17 million to serve about 800 unserved locations. The commission will also [consider](#) a \$3 million grant for AT&T to serve 973 unserved locations and grants totaling \$6.2 million for Sierra Nevada Communications to serve 1,113 unserved locations.

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CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

Virtual Reality Headsets Declining, While Smart Glasses Growing: Counterpoint

Virtual reality headset shipments globally fell 4% year over year in Q3, the third consecutive quarter of declines, [Counterpoint said](#) Friday. The augmented reality/AI smart glasses segment is set to grow in 2025, with the debut of the Android XR operating system and new entries from major tech companies as main drivers. Counterpoint said the VR market is struggling with hardware limitations and costs, and expects slight growth in the global VR market in coming years, compared with “significant expansion” in the global augmented reality smart glasses market.

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BROADCAST

FCC Warns Massachusetts Property Owner on Pirate Broadcasts

The FCC Enforcement Bureau issued a warning to the Brockton, Massachusetts, property owners allegedly hosting pirate radio broadcasters, threatening penalties of more than \$2 million, said a [notice](#) in Friday's *Daily Digest*. The notice was sent to Maridane Aunaxe and Marie Aunaxe over illegal broadcasts on 87.9 MHz emanating from their property on Dec. 7, 2023, and again on Jan. 12, 2024, the notice said. "You are hereby notified and warned that the FCC may issue a fine of up to \$2,391,097 if, following the response period set forth below, we determine that you have continued to permit any individual or entity to engage in pirate radio broadcasting."

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SATELLITE

Viasat Petition: FCC Should Reconsider SpaceX Direct-to-Device Approval

Letting SpaceX provide supplemental coverage from space service in the 1429-2690 MHz band runs contrary to FCC efforts to limit the interference potential that SCS operations pose, [Viasat said](#) in a petition filed Thursday with the FCC Space Bureau. Seeking a reconsideration of the agency's November SCS authorization for SpaceX (see [2411260043](#)), Viasat said the authorization improperly lets SpaceX operate in band segments not available for SCS or mobile satellite service. Viasat said the order improperly lets SpaceX conduct operations without using the modified processing-round procedures that the FCC requires.

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Logos CEO Meets With Carr's Office to Urge Haste on Satellite Application

Logos Space Services CEO Milo Medin, meeting with FCC Commissioner Brendan Carr's office, urged that his company's non-geostationary orbit constellation application be put on public notice expeditiously, said a [Space Bureau posting](#) last week. Logos' plans call for a 3,960-satellite constellation to offer business connectivity (see [2410310003](#)).

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Lynk Combination Deadline Moved Back 6 Months

The deadline for Lynk Global's business combination with special purpose acquisition company (SPAC) Slam Corp.—previously expected in the second half of this year (see [2402050065](#))—has been moved to June 30, [Slam told](#) the SEC this month. The deal will take Lynk public, with the two operating as Lynk Global Holdings. The Lynk SPAC agreement was announced in December 2023 (see [2312190004](#)).

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OBITUARY

Richard Parsons, who led Time Warner and Citibank through turbulent times, died Dec. 26 of complications of multiple myeloma. He was 76. Early in his career, he worked for Nelson Rockefeller

(R), who was then New York's governor and later when Rockefeller was vice president under Gerald Ford. A lawyer, Parsons joined Time Warner's board in the mid-1990s, serving during the company's expansion, including with the purchase of CNN. Later he helped negotiate AOL's purchase of TW, in 2000. Parsons helmed the combined entity during what proved to be a rocky time, with company stock plunging and fighting among divisions. He resigned as CEO late in 2007 and was named Citibank chairman in 2009, leading it through restructuring and stepping down in 2012. In 2018, CBS tapped him as interim board chairman following Les Moonves' ouster amid allegations of sexual misconduct, but Parsons stepped down a month later following his cancer diagnosis. Survivors include his wife, Laura, and children, Gregory, Leslie, Rebecca and Ella. Details about funeral services weren't available at our deadline.

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COMMUNICATIONS PERSONALS

The Judicial Council of the U.S. Courts of the D.C. Circuit appoints **Spencer Hallett**, ex-chief deputy clerk for the District Court, as circuit executive-U.S. Courts of the D.C. Circuit, succeeding **Betsy Paret**, retiring ... **Paul St. Clair**, ex-Windstream, joins call center solutions company Convoso as head-compliance ... **Bradford Briner** resigning from board of Boston Omaha, holding company including for broadband telecom, effective Tuesday, becoming North Carolina state treasurer.

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COMMUNICATIONS DAILY CALENDAR

Jan 9	NTIA virtual office hours on digital equity native entity capacity application, 4 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 14	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 4: Mobile Satellite and Space Science Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Jan 14	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 3: Fixed-Satellite Service and Regulatory Matters meets, virtual, 3 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 15	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 2: Mobile and Fixed Services meets, virtual, 2 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 15	FCC meeting, FCC headquarters, 10:30 a.m., 45 L St. NE, Washington, D.C.; also livestream – see here
Jan 15	National Institute for Cybersecurity Education webinar on privacy workforce, 2 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 15	NTIA virtual office hours on digital equity native entity capacity application, 3 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 15	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 1: Maritime, Aeronautical and Radar Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Jan 21	NTIA virtual office hours on digital equity native entity capacity application, 3 p.m. EST – see here

Jan 22	Schools, Health and Libraries Broadband Coalition webinar on broadband in the Trump administration, 1 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 23	National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence event on implementing a zero trust architecture, NCCOE, 9700 Great Seneca Highway, Rockville, Md. – see here
Jan 28	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 4: Mobile Satellite and Space Science Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Jan 28	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 3: Fixed-Satellite Service and Regulatory Matters meets, virtual, 3 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 29	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee 2027 Informal Working Group 2: Mobile and Fixed Services meets, virtual, 2 p.m. EST – see here
Jan 29	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 1: Maritime, Aeronautical and Radar Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Feb 14	NTIA Regional Roundtable on Broadband Program Sustainability-Southeast, 1 p.m., Courtland Grand Hotel, 165 Courtland St. NE, Atlanta – see here
Feb 17–20	NATE Unite 2025, Raleigh Convention Center, 500 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, North Carolina – see here
Feb 18	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 3: Fixed-Satellite Service and Regulatory Matters meets, virtual, 3 p.m. EST – see here
Feb 26	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 2: Mobile and Fixed Services meets, virtual, 2 p.m. EST – see here
Feb 26	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 1: Maritime, Aeronautical and Radar Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Mar 3–6	MWC25 Barcelona, Fira Gran Via, Barcelona, Spain – see here
Mar 4	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 4: Mobile Satellite and Space Science Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EST – see here
Mar 4	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 3: Fixed-Satellite Service and Regulatory Matters meets, virtual, 3 p.m. EST – see here
Mar 4–6	ACA Connects Summit, Grand Hyatt Washington, 1000 H St. NW, Washington, D.C. – see here
Mar 11	NTIA Regional Roundtable on Broadband Program Sustainability - Northern Plains, 1 p.m., Embassy Suites by Hilton, 2601 Canyon Blvd., Boulder, Colorado – see here
Mar 11	Incompas Policy Summit, Hogan Lovells, 555 13th St. NW, 13th Floor, Washington, D.C. – see here
Mar 12	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 1: Maritime, Aeronautical and Radar Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EDT – see here

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Mar 19	NTIA Regional Roundtable on Broadband Program Sustainability – West, 1 p.m., Hilton Mission Valley, 901 Camino del Rio S., San Diego – see here
Mar 25	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 4: Mobile Satellite and Space Science Services meets, virtual, 11 a.m. EDT – see here
Mar 26	2027 World Radiocommunication Conference Advisory Committee Informal Working Group 2: Mobile and Fixed Services meets, virtual, 2 p.m. EDT – see here
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